

Cambridge IGCSE™

MATHEMATICS		0580/12
Paper 1 (Core)		May/June 2022
MARK SCHEME		
Maximum Mark: 56		
	Published	

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of 6 printed pages.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Ma	Maths-Specific Marking Principles		
1	Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.		
2	Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.		
3	Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.		
4	Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).		
5	Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.		
6	Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.		

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Abbreviations

cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

nfww not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1	607 532	1	
2(a)	64	1	
2(b)	65	1	
2(c)	62	1	
2(d)	61 67 cao	2	B1 for each or for two correct and one extra
3	A congruent triangle drawn	1	
4(a)	6	1	
4(b)	19	1	
5	270 ÷ 25	M1	
	[=] 540 ÷ 50 [=] 1080 ÷ 100 [=] 10.8[0]	A1	
6	Bars are not the same width oe Frequency scale is not linear oe	2	B1 for each.
7(a)	$6 \times (7 - 5) + 4 = 16$	1	
7(b)	$(-2)^2 + 24 \div 12 - 4 = 2$	1	
8	13 or -13	1	
9(a)	54	2	M1 for $\frac{360}{8+5+4+3}$ [×3] or $\frac{3}{8+5+4+3}$ [×360] oe
9(b)	Yes [because] the proportion of red cars will be smaller oe	1	
10(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
10(b)	$\begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 48 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
11	180	3	M2 for $[2 \times](8 \times 6 + 8 \times 3 + 3 \times 6)$ oe
			or M1 for 8×6 or 8×3 or 3×6
12(a)	$\frac{d}{n}$ oe	1	
12(b)	20 - rx - ay oe	2	B1 for rx and ay seen and not spoilt
13(a)	102	1	
13(b)	18.94 cao	2	B1 for 18.9 or 18.93 or 18.935 If zero scored, SC1 for rounding <i>their</i> value correctly to 2 decimal places
14	1:4:60	2	B1 for 0.5[:2:]30 oe
15(a)	13, 16, 21	2	B1 for 2 correct terms in correct position or SC1 for 12, 13, 16
15(b)	Yes n = 72	2	M1 for $n^2 + 12 = 5196$ or better or for a correct worded description for finding n or for 5184 is a square number
16	$\pi \sqrt{3}$ cao	1	
17	10 cao	1	
18	$\frac{30 - 2^2}{800 \times 0.05}$	M1	
	0.65	A1	If M0 scored, SC1 for 3 correct values or all correct but with any trailing zeros
19	30.65, 30.75	2	B1 for each or if zero scored, SC1 for both answers correct but reversed
20(a)	6a - 4b final answer	2	B1 for $6a$ or $-4b$ in final answer or for $6a - 4b$ spoilt
20(b)	x(x-8y) final answer	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
21	168	2	B1 for $168k$ as final answer or M1 for $[24 =] 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$ and $[28 =] 2 \times 2 \times 7$ or 2 correct factor trees or tables or a list of multiples of both 24 and 28 with at least 3 of each or $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7$
22	239	2	M1 for 180+59 or 360-(180-59) oe or indicates correct angle on diagram
23	$\frac{33}{8}$ or $\frac{17}{6}$ $2\frac{1}{8} - \frac{5}{6}$	B1	Correct step for dealing with mixed numbers Allow $\frac{33k}{8k}$ or $\frac{17k}{6k}$
	$\frac{99}{24}$ and $\frac{68}{24}$ $[2]\frac{3}{24} - \frac{20}{24}$	M1	Correct method to find common denominator e.g. $4\frac{3}{24}$ and $2\frac{20}{24}$
	$1\frac{7}{24}$ cao and correct working	A1	
24	15.5 or 15.49	4	M3 for $(5 \times \tan 53)^2 + 14^2$ OR M2 for $5 \times \tan 53$ or M1 for $\tan[53=]\frac{x}{5}$ and M1 for $14^2 + (theirBD)^2$